



Miraculous-Life

Daily life support at home through a virtual support partner

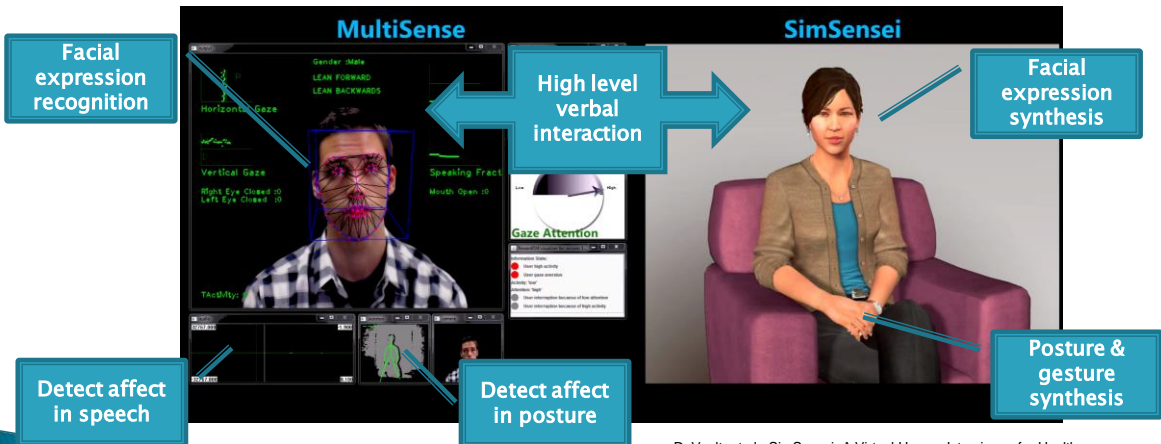


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Miraculous-Life
Miraculous Life for elderly Independent Living (STREP No. 611421)

EMBODIED CONVERSATIONAL AGENTS HUMAN-LIKE CAPABILITIES OF INTERACTION



DeVault, et al., SimSensei: A Virtual Human Interviewer for Healthcare Decision Support. 13th International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent System



Background and Motivation

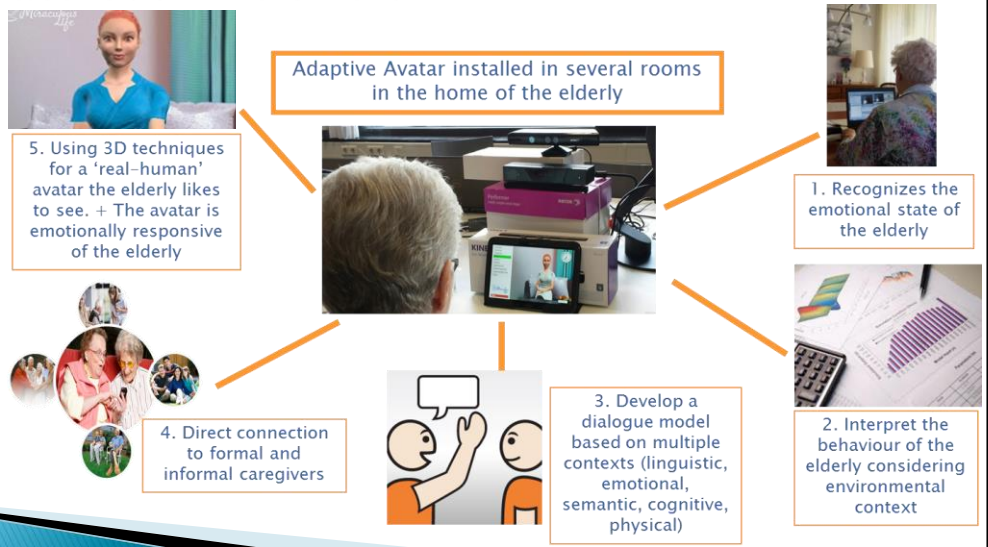
- ▶ Embodied Conversational Agents (ECAs) can improve interaction in AAL environments
- ▶ Older adults are capable of recognizing emotions in facial expressions of an agent and follow instructions better
- ▶ ECAs allow development of affinitive relationships / companionship
- ▶ Might contribute to reduce the feeling of loneliness
- ▶ Motivational aspect
 - Increased interactions and increase of activities / services usage
- ▶ Move beyond “computer as a tool”
 - Easy to use, engaging, trustful for older adults
- ▶ Miraculous-Life designs, develops and evaluates an innovative user-centric technological solution, the Virtual Support Partner (VSP), attending to the elder (65+) daily activity and safety needs, while the elder goes about his normal daily life



What Miraculous-Life offers

Components

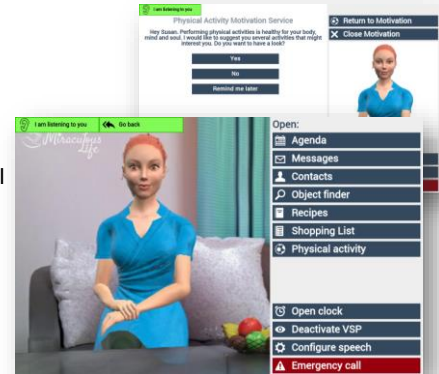
- I. Input devices
- II. Multimodal processing
- III. Reasoning and decision making
- IV. ICT services
- V. Output generator
- VI. Knowledge base



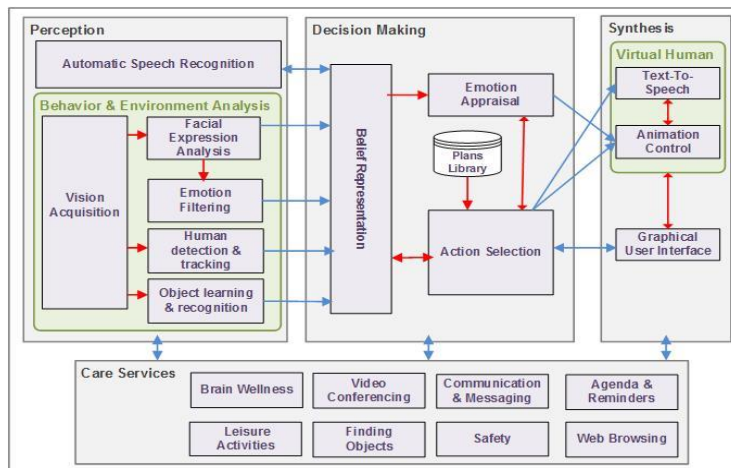


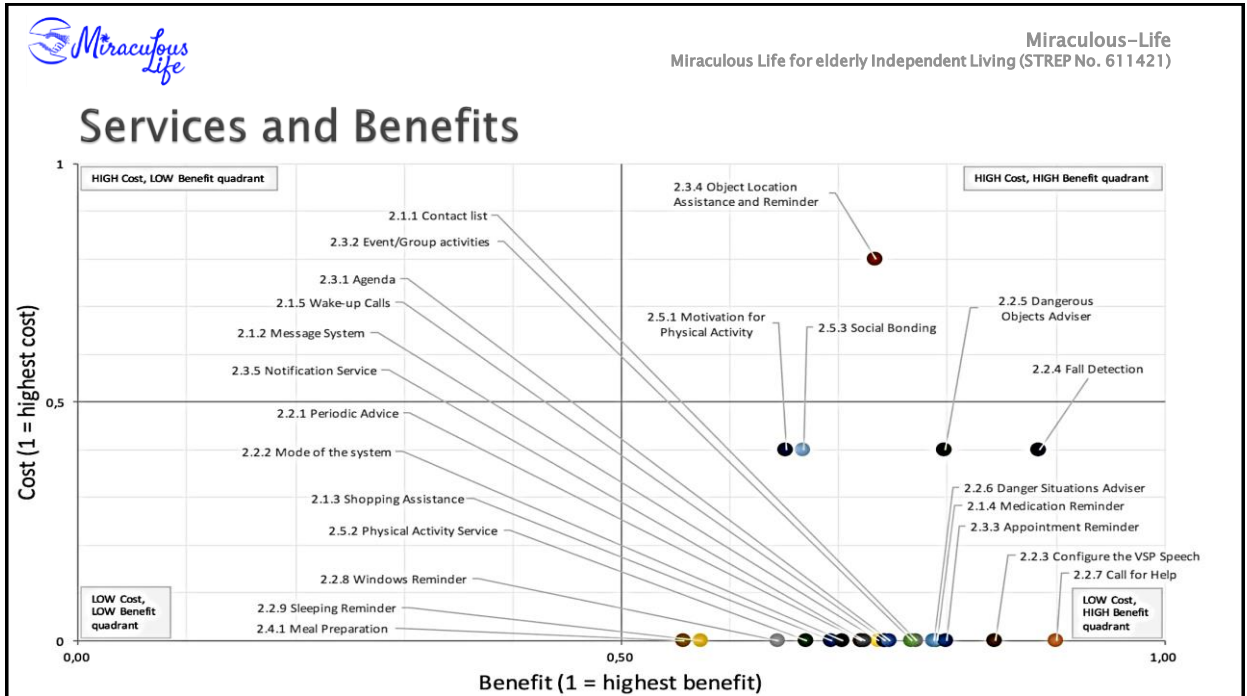
Emotional Responsiveness

- ▶ Miraculous-Life VSP → emotionally-enriched HCI
- ▶ Miraculous-Life VSP fuses together
 - Facial expressions (face reader)
 - Voice intonation (emotion from speech) + } environmental context
 - Gestures
- ▶ 3 modes → listening, waiting, talking
- ▶ 4 emotional states recognised
 - Anger/disgust, fearful/stressful, sadness, happiness/positive
- ▶ 7 emotional states/expressions of avatar
 - Happy, sad, worried, relieved, compassionate (expresses sympathy), directive behaviour, and neutral (but VSP should not express negative emotions)
- ▶ Mapping is key and based on scientific (nursing science, health psychology) & domain knowledge
- ▶ Computational model of VSP emotions based on Roseman's model



MODULAR COMPANION ARCHITECTURE CORE MODULES REALIZING COMPANION CAPABILITIES





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CONCEPTUAL DESIGN

KEY DESIGN GOALS FOR THE ASSISTIVE COMPANION

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Social intelligence

- Sensitive to body language and spoken responses in the interaction
- Ask specific types of questions and follow-up dialogue
- Express appropriate behavioural nuances

Appearance

- Humanlike
- Informal look
- Adult, female

Care provision

- Socialization, Communication
- Daily activity organization, Mental wellness training
- Preventive Safety

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EVALUATION STUDY

DIALY LIFE ASSISTIVE COMPANION

Design opportunities and technical challenges in real world settings:

USER EXPERIENCE

How do older adults interact with a companion in their daily living environment ?

EFFICIENCY

How does an automated companion perform in a daily living environment ?



Photo: System set up in the apartment of an elderly user (The Netherlands)

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Findings and Outlook

- ▶ Three testing phases performed (seniors and caregivers)
- ▶ Final trials in NL (Zuyderland) / CH (MRPS) currently running (21 participants, av. age 85)
- ▶ Evaluate robustness of the prototypes and assess the users' acceptance
- ▶ Avatar as interface (with speech interaction) appreciated by elderly
- ▶ Service offers are key (avatar is mediator to the services)
- ▶ Speech/audio recognition still tricky in home environments
- ▶ Limitations in emotion recognition
 - Gestures (from older adults) give less information on emotional state → Activity recognition
- ▶ Recognition capabilities (objects, etc.) based on Kinect limited
- ▶ Potential to increase quality of life, prolong the autonomy of seniors and reduce the care stress will be further investigated
- ▶ System will be exploited as a stand-alone consumer product, operating on a scalable distributed network of interconnected PCs, tablets and Kinect devices

The project Miraculous-Life is co-funded by the 7th Framework Programme for Research and Technological Development of the European Commission, within the Call FP7-ICT-2013-10.



LESSONS LEARNED

How do older adults interact with a companion in their daily living environment ?

Attribution of sociality to the companion

- Older adults use human-like communication strategies

Attribution of human cognitive and emotional capacities to the companion

- Older adults have wrong expectations about the companion's abilities

Unexpected companion behavior may lead to user frustration

- Even if only a small part causes the frustration, it may affect the interaction as a whole

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LESSONS LEARNED

How does an automated companion perform in a daily living environment ?

Multimodal perception of non-verbal behaviours

- **Challenge:** Cope with residential environment restrictions – poor lighting conditions, ambient noise, user privacy
- **Consequence :** The companion perceives a small repertoire of non-verbal behaviours

Natural dialogue interaction

- **Challenge :** The automated understanding capabilities of the companion cannot cover the high variability in the vocabulary expressed by users
- **Consequence :** Simplifications in the dialogue flow

Simulating affective behaviour

- **Challenge :** Deep semantic understanding and domain knowledge is necessary to automatically generate authentic affective expressions
- **Consequence :** The companion generates a small repertoire of emotional reactions

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Thanks for your attention!



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